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Digital Manufacturing

A status update of the "Next Industrial Revolution"

Ryan Hess Additive Manufacturing Group Leader, Ricoh Americas September 19, 2017

3D Printing is also called Additive Manufacturing





Subtractive manufacturing processes works by removing material by cutting, grinding, milling and other methods.

Additive Manufacturing

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Additive manufacturing works in the opposite way, by adding material layer by layer.

Both are forms of Digital Manufacturing and both are used in Advanced Manufacturing







MATERIAL EXTRUSION



LASER SINTERING





How is 3D printing used?

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Prototyping



Surgical aids and implants





Unique geometries

Fixtures Manufacturing aids

Service Parts



3D Printing in Manufacturing



Short run injection molds

- \$40,000 vs \$400
- Limited yield
- Actual production material





Complex Engineering

- 18 components vs 1 integrated part
- 25% weight reduction
- 20% fuel savings

Ricoh Replaces Metal Tooling with 3D Prints

- Ricoh custom fixture 98% cost savings
- Workstation customization addresses 6 key fundamentals of the Ricoh Way Production System



Healthcare applications are set to explode





The \$1.25B intraoral scanning and braces company relies entirely on 3D Printing and Scanning.

Medical 3D printing saves \$2700 per surgery Published in the Journal of Children's Ortopaedics, Rady Hospital's study reduced surgery time by 25% by using 3D Printed surgical aids, for a cost savings of \$2700 per surgery and improved patient outcomes.



Why is 3D Printing Important?





We see additive manufacturing as the next chapter in the industrial revolution. This new Industrial Revolution will rethink manufacturing all over the globe.

The next industrial revolution

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1st Industrial Revolution



Age of Mechanization

1800

- Factory made vs. home made
- Favored innovation

2nd Industrial Revolution



Age of Mass Production 1900

- Factories operate 24/7
- Efficiency followed cheapest labor/materials

3rd Industrial Revolution



Age of Digital Manufacturing

2000

- Distributed, direct digital production
- Favors localized production

The Third Industrial Revolution requires a new kind of decentralized, **Advanced Manufacturing** that favors capital investment and skilled labor.

Why 3D Printing is important?









- Organic
- Complex
- Optimized

- Mass-customization
- Smarter design
- Enhanced performance, durability, economy





- Increase Domestic Manufacturing
- Decrease Supply Chain Costs/Waste
- Bespoke, on-demand
 production







Machine sales are being driven by successful adoption into wider range of industries

Benefits of AM adoption



Measurable benefits of AM use leads to services growth due to barriers to adoption



- 10x time savings in product development
- 88% cost savings on custom fixtures/jigs
- 20% efficiency gain on complex engineering
- Physical planning tool for improved outcomes
- Opens new markets with new products
- Quick production of low demand product



The adoption of AM faces challenges that traditional manufacturing has already overcome:



Will the product meet industry standards ?

Will the quality be accepted by the customer?





Will insurance cover new risk exposure?

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Audit

NEEDS

ASSESSMENT

Conformity Assessment is the demonstration that the technical requirements of production are fulfilled



Organizational Considerations



Successful AM growth requires a properly trained workforce



However the global workforce is not prepared to meet these needs

Manufacturing Skilled Labor Shortage is a Global Problem

2020 Forecasted Global High & Medium-Skill Labor Balance (million workers)



NOTES:

 25 countries that have GDP per capita greater than \$20,000 at 2005 purchasing power parity levels in 2010

(2) 11 countries from South Asia & sub-Saharan Africa, with GDP per capita less than \$3,000 at 2005 PPP levels in 2010



Existing training infrastructure Unequipped



Engineering Design

Additive Manufacturing Processes

Additive Manufacturing Materials

Post Processing

- Unique design guidelines for components & assemblies
- Interactions between AM & conventionally manufactured parts
- Additional design specification requirements
- Management of interoperability between CAE systems
- New advanced tools
- Multiple technologies with different behaviors
- Unique environmental, software, consolidation, build volume, mechatronic, support & other factors affecting part performance precision
- Different behaviors between AM & conventional materials
- Unique environmental, physical, chemical & other factors affecting part performance precision
- Unique interactions among design, materials & process factors
- Multiple post-processing techniques for finished parts
- Unique effects of techniques on part-performance

Call to Action : What Educators need to do:





Engage



Access



Enhance





Excite

RICOH's Approach





Consultative Services

for the growth of Advanced Manufacturing

Managed Services

for Additive and Digital Manufacturing

Production Services

that support and enhance a services-based approach

Distributed Manufacturing

position Ricoh as the global leader in enabling the emergence of the new manufacturing model





